

2020 United Way Bill Tracker February 24, 2020

Education						
Bill # and Sponsor	Title	Description	Status	Fiscal Note	Position	
HB14 (Rep Snow)	School Absenteeism and Truancy Amendments	This bill creates a uniform definition of truancy by establishing which absences from school are excused and unexcused, limits school districts ability to impose penalties, and requires districts to submit truancy data to the State Board of Education.	Senate 2nd Reading Calendar	No Impact	Support	
HB68 (Rep Gibson)	Apprenticeship and Work- Based Learning	This bill creates a grant program administered by the Talent Ready Utah Center to support new apprenticeship and work-based learning programs. High need industries will be targeted.	Will be heard in Senate Ed this week	\$2M ongoing Education Funds	Support	
HB99 (Rep Snow)	Enhanced Kindergarten Amendments	This bill expands optional extended-day kindergarten.	Senate 2nd Reading Calendar	\$18 M ongoing Ed Funds	Support	
HB103 (Rep Owens)	Utah Promise Scholarship Program Amendments	This bill clarifies that the Promise Scholarship should cover the cost of tuition and that if an institution does not have enough money in the program to provide the scholarship that they should use other funding sources including fee waivers, and tuition waivers.	Passed the House and Senate	No Impact	Support	
HB107 (Rep Winder)	Effective Teachers in High Poverty Schools Incentive Program Amendments	This bill includes teachers in kindergarten through 3rd grade in the program, increases the amount of the annual salary bonus, and guarantees the portion of the annual salary bonus pay by requiring funds from School Turnaround and Leadership Development be used to cover the cost.	Passed the House, Introduced in Senate	\$481,000	Support	
HB114 (Rep Waldrip)	Early Learning Training and Assessment Amendments	This bill requires school districts to develop early literacy and mathematics plans, establishes grants for targeted, evidence-based professional learning and ongoing, jobembedded coaching, requires collaboration between higher education, school districts, schools and teachers, creates a teacher training and licensing in reading and mathematics test, aligns and strengthens instruction and learning from preschool through 3rd grade, provides the resources necessary to improve quality instruction and educational outcomes.	Will be heard in Senate Ed this week	\$18 M ongoing Ed Funds	Support	
HB160 (Rep Spackman Moss)	Refugee Continuing Education Program	This bill creates an education program for refugee students. The Refugee Services Office in the Department of Workforce Services will administer the program and will partner with local school districts to help refugees who do not have a high school diploma and are 18 to 23 years old obtain a diploma and plan a career pathway.	Passed the House, Introduced in Senate	\$500,000 ongoing Education Funds	Support	

SB99 (Sen Millner)	School Leadership Development Amendments	The bill creates a grant program to provide awards for mentorship and training activities for new and aspiring principals. Builds upon best practices and work over the last four year.	Passed the Senate, Introduced in the House	\$15.2M ongoing	Support
SB73 (Sen Stevenson)	Reading Assessment Expansion Amendments	This bill expands the reading assessment given to children in first through third grades to those in fourth through sixth grades.	Senate 3rd Reading Calendar	\$1.5 million one-time Education Funds	Support
Financial Stat	vility				
Bill # and Sponsor	Title	Description	Status	Fiscal Note	Position
HB69 (Rep Arent)	Sick Leave Amendments	This bill requires employers who offer paid sick leave to allow employees to use that time to care for an immediate family member. It prohibits an employer from taking adverse action against an employee for using sick leave to care for an immediate family member.	Died in Committee	No Impact	Support
HB89 (Rep Harrison)	Workforce Development Incentives Amendments	This bill makes working parent benefits one of the items the Governor's Office of Economic Development may consider when determining whether to provide economic development tax credits to a business. It defines working parent benefits as a benefit provided to an employee, outside of their wage, including licensed on-site child care, licensed near-site child care, or a child-care subsidy, a flexible work schedule, a matched flexible spending account for child care, paid family care leave, and a partnership with a local licensed child-care provider to secure stable placement for children of an employee.	Was not considered	No Impact	Support
HB187 (Rep Harrison)	Employer Tax Credit for Child Care	This bill creates a nonrefundable corporate and individual income tax credit for employers that pay for or provide child care for employees either onsite or by a third party. The maximum amount of the tax credit is \$50,000 annually. The maximum aggregate tax credit that can be distributed by the state is \$500,000.	Was not considered	\$500,000 reduction to Education Fund	Support
HB211 (Rep Judkins)	Renter Expenses Disclosure Requirements	This bill requires that prior to a landlord accepting a rental application or application fee, the landlord disclose to the potential tenant an itemized list of the amounts the renter will or may be obligated to pay; if there is an available unit, and the criteria the owner will review as a condition of accepting the prospective renter as a renter, such as criminal history, credit, income, employment, or rental history. A rental agreement must include all amounts the renter is or may be obligated to pay, and prohibits the landlord from charging a renter more unless they are month to month and the owner provides a 15-day notice of the charge.	Held in House Biz and Labor	No Impact	Support

SB39 (Sen Anderegg)	Affordable Housing Amendments	This bill modifies the allowable uses for a community reinvestment agency's housing allocation, modifies requirements for distributing money from the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, creates a rental assistance program, including a rental assistance program for children who are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless, allows low-income housing tax credits to be assigned to another tax payer, and modifies the distribution of Unclaimed Property Trust Fund.	Circled on Senate 2nd Reading Calendar	\$20,300,000 one-time and \$10 million ongoing from the General Fund and \$5 million annually from the Unclaimed Property Trust Fund to	Support
SB69 (Sen Anderegg)	Tax Credit for Educator Expenses	This bill creates a refundable income tax credit for out-of-pocket classroom expenses a teacher, who teaches Kindergarten through twelfth grade, makes. The maximum tax credit is \$500.	Passed the Senate, Introduced in the House	\$30 million reduction in the Education Fund	Support
Health					
Bill # and Sponsor	Title	Description	Status	Fiscal Note	Position
HB16 (Rep Johnson)	School Meals Program Amendments	This bill allows for revenues earmarked for school lunch to also be used for breakfast and requires local school districts to assess which schools do not participate in school breakfast and whether the school has a valid reason for not participating.	Passed the House and Senate	No Impact	Support
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Mard)	Health Care Workforce Financial Assistance Program Amendments	This bill amends the current program and specifies that education loan repayment assistance to eligible professionals if they agree to practice in an underserved area and the health care facility employing the professional also provides 20% of the total award amount.	Will be heard in Senate HHS this week	\$500,000 ongoing General Funds	Support

HB222 (Rep Johnson)	Start Smart Utah Breakfast Program	This bill requires schools that participate in the National School Lunch Program to also participate in the School Breakfast Program, allows for an alternative breakfast service model if a certain percent of students qualify for free or reduced lunch, and creates a waiver if schools do not want to comply.	Passed the House, Introduced in Senate	\$1,008,000 Federal Funds	Support
Rev and Tax Bill # and Sponsor	Title	Description	Status	Fiscal Note	Position
SB107 (Sen Fillmore)	Income Tax Rate Reduction Amendments	This bill creates a formula where the income tax would be reduced when the growth rate of income tax revenue exceeds the growth rate of the gross domestic product for Utah.	Introduced	If this was in effect in 2019 -\$20M in FY2020 and -\$70M in FY 2021 from the Education Fund	Oppose
SB164 (Sen Escamilla)	Social Impact Services	This bill would allow counites to levy a property tax to support social impact services. Social impact services is defined as a services that facilitates a positive result or outcome for improving the quality of life of individuals or communities in a county by: promoting economic opportunity and innovation, facilitating collaboration between public and private entities, improving human health and well-being, providing low-income or underserved individuals or communities with beneficial products or services, promoting child and youth development, targeting specialized populations with social innovation.	Introduced		TBD
SJR9 (Sen McCay)		This Joint Resolution proposes to amend the Utah Constitution to require that any bill that is a tax increase must bas with two-thirds vote of all members in the House and Senate. If passed, this would be on the ballot in November.	Introduced	\$13,000 One- time funds	Oppose

^{*}Bills with fiscal notes over \$10,000 must wait until they are funded for final approval.